Elements of Worldview: Ranked

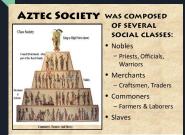
#1 Economy

Chinampas allowed the Aztecs to trade different foods and to grow some of their own. Chinampas were a very large part of the growth and prosperity of the Aztecs because it allowed them to feed and keep everyone healthy.

War was a major part in the prosperity of the Aztec society because it allowed them to take over other tribes and gain resources to increase their power. War fueled almost everything the Aztecs did from Resources for farming to the temples that they built.

Trading gave the Aztecs the opportunity to gain things that they couldn't grow or didn't have such as avocados and bright feathers. Trading also allowed spies acting as merchants to scope out other tribes' villages and gain a huge advantage over their enemies by knowing where everything was.

#2 Society



The Hierarchy style society played a large role in how the Aztecs functioned and did things in their daily life. The warriors would keep the city safe, while the commoners would grow food and other basic tasks.

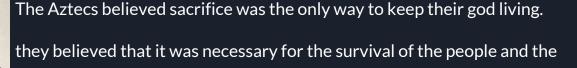


The Aztec society was hugely based on agriculture, trade, and religious symbols. The Aztecs believed human sacrifice was the only way to keep their god "alive".



The warriors were willing to sacrifice themselves for the good of the society. Any warrior would give themselves up for the success of the city.

#3 Beliefs



world

The temples that the Aztecs build were very sacred to them as it allowed for sacrificial ceremonies and they believed it brought them closer to their gods

The Aztecs had many different gods, but the main god was huitzilopochtli.

they sacrificed hundreds of people to their gods per year! These people were



#4 Knowledge



The Aztecs medicine concerns the body of knowledge, belief and a ritual

Surrounding the human health and sickness. The Aztecs knew of an extensive

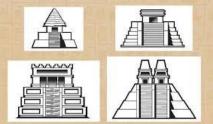
amount of medicinal herbs and plants to help with



The Aztecs knew a great deal about farming like how and when to farm

Certain things. They even used the solar calender to tell them when to

farm.



The Aztec knew an amazing amount about building and physics.

The amount of temples that they built and the beauty that it has

Is absolutely amazing.

#5 Geography

Tenochtitlan was in the middle of a lake/swamp. There was one way in and out, which was across a long bridge. It was very good for defence due to its positioning on the lake

All around Tenochtitlan there were large mountains that helped keep the Aztec moderately safe. They also believed that mountains were incredibly sacred because they thought it brought them closer to god.

Tenochtitlan was located in Mexico, which meant that it was hot and humid, allowing the Aztec to grow some tropical fruits.

#6 Values



The Aztec valued education and believed it was important. Children
Started their schooling at the age of 15 and men received mandatory
Military training while women were educated in Telpochcalli



The Aztec really valued gold and built many of their structures out of the Rare metal. They used gold to show off their power and wealth to their enemies

Brightly coloured feathers were a large part in Aztec life because they represented the eagle on the cactus that they used to choose

The location for Tenochtitlan

#7 Time



The Aztec used the Solar Calendar to help them know when to plant and harvest different crops. The Solar Calendar was split into 18 periods of 20 days and one final period of just 5 days that was considered unlucky.



The Aztec Priests mainly used the Sacred Calendar to predict the future. It only had 260 days and was split into 20 periods of 13 days. Each period was Represented by some sort of symbol.

Sources

Google